# Cystic Fibrosis strength in numbers

### UK Cystic Fibrosis Registry Annual Data Report 2019: at a glance

This 'at a glance' version of the UK Cystic Fibrosis Registry Annual Data Report 2019 highlights some of the stand-out statistics concerning people with cystic fibrosis (CF) in the UK during 2019. For more detail, see the full report at **cysticfibrosis.org.uk/registryreports** 

#### Number of people with CF

10655

#### **Active patients**

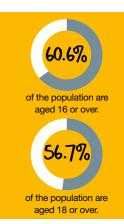
People who are currently alive and have had an annual review recorded in the past three years.



#### **Median age**

21

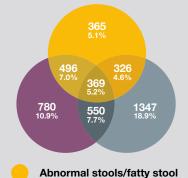
is the median age of the UK CF population.



#### Mode of presentation

2952

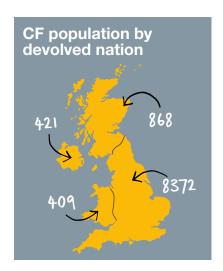
(29.3%) of people were diagnosed by newborn screening (NBS). Aside from (NBS), the three most common presentation modes were:



- (steatorrhea)/malabsorption
- Failure to thrive/malnutrition
- Persistent or acute respiratory infection

## Diagnosis

is the median age at which people aged under 16 in 2019 were diagnosed with CF. 14.9% of adults in the Registry were diagnosed aged 16 or over.



#### Infections

Pseudomonas aeruginosa

39.4%

of people aged 16 and over have chronic *Pseudomonas*.

The median age of people with chronic *Pseudomonas* in 2019 was **30 years**, compared with **25 years** in 2009. In 2019 **88.7**% of people with chronic *Pseudomonas* were on inhaled antibiotic therapy, compared with **74.3**% in 2009.

### Non-tuberculous mycobacterium (NTM)

has reduced from **7.1%** to **6.7%** in the past year.

53.7%

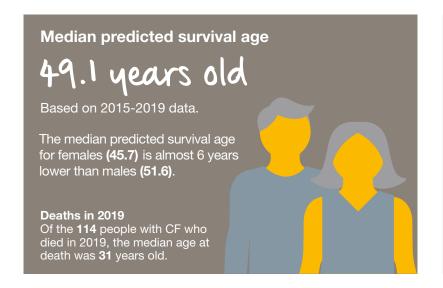
of people recorded as having NTM are on treatment for it, which is **4.5**% more than in 2018.

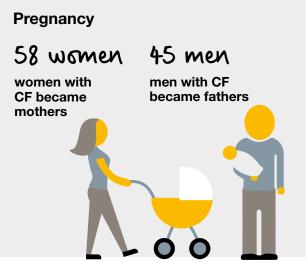


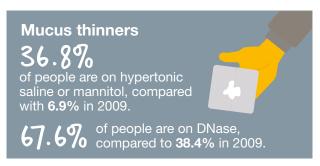
Aspergillus is reported in

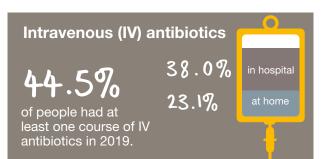
of people.

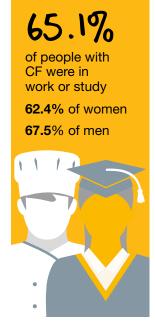
Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA), an immune response to *Aspergillus*, has reduced in prevalence from **15.1** in 2014, to **7.5**%.

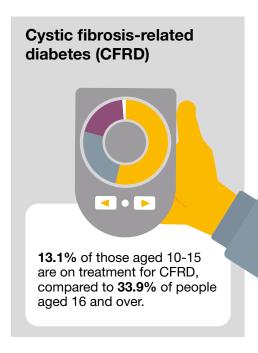


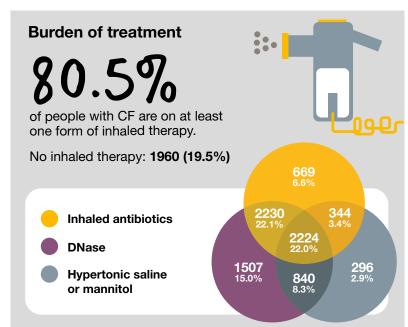














241	M
96	
50	
	50